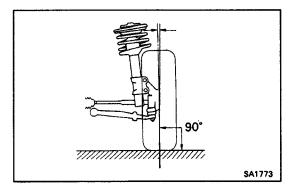


If wheel angles differ from the standard specifications, check to see of the lengths of the left and right tie rods are the same.

HINT: If the rod lengths are not equal, the wheel angle cannot be adjusted properly.

If the tie rod lengths were changed to adjust the wheel angle, inspect the toe-in.



REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT INSPECTION AND ADJUSTMENT

1. INSPECT CAMBER

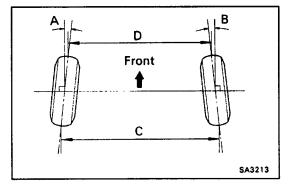
Camber:

-1°35'+45'

Cross camber:

30' or less

HINT: Camber is not adjustable, if measurement is not within specification, inspect and replace the suspension parts as necessary.

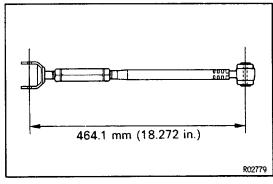


2. INSPECT TOE-IN Toe-In (total):

A+13 0.6°±0.1°

(C-D 6±1 mm (0.24±0.04 in.)

If toe-in is not within specification adjust it.

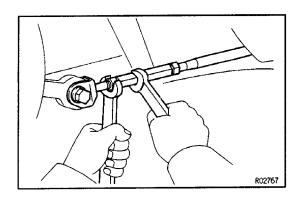


3. ADJUST TOE-IN

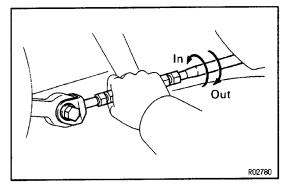
(a) Measure the lengths of the left and right suspension arms to see that the length are equal.

If not equal, adjust following the procedures below.

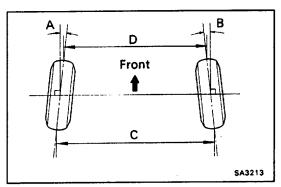
- If the toe-in is less than standard, shorten the tie rod by turning the tie rod tube.
- If the toe-in is greater than standard, lengthen the tie rod by turning the tie rod tube.



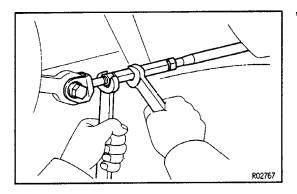
(b) Loosen the nuts.



(c) Turn the left and right tie rod tubes an equal amount.



Too-in (total): A+13 0.6°±0.1° (C-D 6±1 mm, 0.24±0.04 in.)



- (d) Tighten the nuts.
- (e) After toe-in adjustment, check the rear wheel alignment.